TIME	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
	May 18	May 19	May 20	May 21	May 22
09.00 - 09.45	Registration	Sundaresan	Simonin	Capecelatro	Radl
09.45 - 10.30	Schneiderbauer	Sundaresan	Simonin	Capecelatro	Radl
11.00 - 11.45	Sundaresan	Capecelatro	Sundaresan	Radl	Schneiderbauer
11.45 - 12.30	Sundaresan	Capecelatro	Capecelatro	Radl	Practical training
14.00 - 14.45	Simonin	Schneiderbauer	Schneiderbauer	Schneiderbauer	
14.45 - 15.30	Simonin	Simonin	Ozel	Ozel	
16.00 - 16.45	Ozel	Ozel	Radl	Ozel	
16.45 - 17.30		Practical training	Practical training	Practical training	
18.00	Welcome aperitif				

ADMISSION AND ACCOMMODATION

The course is offered in a hybrid format, allowing participants the flexibility to attend either in person or remotely via the Microsoft Teams platform. Admission to on-site attendance is granted on a first-come, first-served basis to comply with the capacity of the lecture room.

Registration fees:

- Early Bird On-Site Participation: € 650.00 + VAT* Deadline: March 18, 2026

Late On-Site Participation: € 800.00 + VAT*

Deadline: May 6, 2026

Live Streaming Online Participation: € 250.00 + VAT*

Deadline: May 6, 2026

On-site participation includes a complimentary bag, five fixed menu buffet lunches, hot beverages, downloadable lecture notes.

Online participation includes downloadable lecture notes.

Application forms should be submitted online through the website: http:// www.cism.it. A confirmation message will be sent to participants whose applications are accepted.

Upon request, and subject to availability, a limited number of on-site participants can be accommodated at the CISM Guest House for €35 per person per night. To request accommodation, please contact: foresteria@cism.it.

CANCELLATION POLICY

Applicants may cancel their registration and receive a full refund by notifying the CISM Secretariat in writing (via email) no later than:

- March 18, 2026, for early bird on-site participation;
- April 18, 2026, for late on-site participation;
- May 6, 2026, for online participation.

No refunds after the deadlines. Cancellation requests received before these deadlines and incorrect payments will be subject to a € 50.00 handling fee.

CISM GRANTS

A limited number of participants from universities and research centers who do not receive support from their institutions can request a waiver of the registration fee and/or free lodging.

Requests should be submitted by email to the CISM Secretariat at: info@cism.it by March 18, 2026. Submissions must include the applicant's curriculum vitae and a letter of recommendation from the head of the department or a supervisor, confirming that the institute is unable to provide funding. Preference will be given to applicants from countries that sponsor CISM.

For further information please contact:

CISM (Seat of the course)

Palazzo del Torso - Piazza Garibaldi 18 - 33100 Udine (Italy)

tel. +39 0432 248511 (6 lines) e-mail: info@cism.it | www.cism.it

The George M. Homsy Session **ACADEMIC YEAR 2026** FILTERED MODELLING Centre International des Sciences Mécaniques **APPROACHES FOR** International Centre for Mechanical Scier INDUSTRIAL GAS-PARTICLE **SUSPENSIONS: BASICS AND FUTURE**

CISM Advanced School coordinated by

DEVELOPMENTS

Simon Schneiderbauer Johannes Kepler University Linz. Austria

> Jesse Capecelatro University of Michigan Ann Arbor, MI, USA

^{*} where applicable; bank charges are not included - Italian VAT is 22%.

FILTERED MODELLING APPROACHES FOR INDUSTRIAL GAS-PARTICLE SUSPENSIONS: BASICS AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

This course focuses on numerical methods for simulating large-scale environmental and industrial gas-particle flows, such as fluidized beds used in biomass combustion, olefin polymerization, and oil cracking. Numerical simulations are vital for optimizing these processes to reduce CO2 emissions. energy consumption, and pollutant output. However, a major challenge lies in the wide range of scales involved: while large flow structures span meters, the smallest particle structures are only a few diameters wide. Simulating such systems requires solving trillions of particle trajectories and their interactions with the surrounding fluid, which is computationally infeasible even with state-ofthe-art supercomputers. To overcome this, continuum approaches are often employed, treating fluid and particle phases as

interpenetrating continua. These methods, however, demand fine grid resolutions to capture heterogeneous structures like bubbles in fluidized beds or particle clusters in risers. As a result, their application is limited to a handful of high-performance computing (HPC) centers worldwide. Filtered (coarsegrained) models offer a solution by using coarser grids, but this can lead to inaccuracies. such as overestimating bed expansion in fluidized beds or misestimating bedload transport in deserts.

The course delves into the implications of coarse graining for numerical methods. For continuum models, the two-fluid model (TFM) is widely used in engineering applications. Coarse graining leads to the filtered two-fluid model (FTFM), which incorporates sub-grid effects. Without proper resolution, TFM predictions can

be highly inaccurate, such as overestimating dense fluidized bed expansion or solid mass flow rates. FTFM addresses this by filtering TFM equations, introducing sub-grid terms that require closures. These closures are typically derived from analogies to single-phase turbulence or through machine learning/artificial intelligence (AI). FTFM has been successfully applied in industries like iron ore reduction and polyolefin production.

The course also examines
Euler-Lagrangian methods,
where the fluid phase is treated
as a continuum and particles
are tracked individually. These
methods are computationally
demanding, so parcel-based
approaches are used, grouping
particles into computational
molecules (parcels) to reduce
the number of equations.
However, this introduces
challenges similar to those in
FTFM. A notable example is the

MPPIC (multi-phase particle in cell) method.

Lecturers from leading research teams will provide an overview of state-of-the-art numerical methods for large-scale particulate flows, addressing challenges across different length scales. They will discuss current bottlenecks, innovative approaches (e.g., AI), and the advantages of coarse-graining models in practical applications. Additionally, the course will highlight how fluid and particle properties influence interparticle and fluid-particle forces, ultimately shaping flow regimes.

This course especially addresses doctoral students, young researchers and practical engineers. Participants are encouraged to bring a poster covering their current research topic. Some of the lectures will also be accompanied by practical training examples.

PRELIMINARY SUGGESTED READINGS

Pope, S. B. (2000). Turbulent flows (Chapters 2, 3, 4 & 6). Cambridge University Press.

Subramaniam, S., & Balachandar, S. (2023). Modelling approaches and computational methods for particle-laden turbulent flows (Chapter 11). Elsevier Academic Press.

Schneiderbauer, S. (2024). Continuum modeling of gas—particle flows: An overview. Acta Mechanica, 235, 6959–7001. Sundaresan, S., et al. (2018). Toward constitutive models for momentum, species, and energy transport in gas—particle flows. Annual Review of Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering, 9(4), 1–21.

Marchioli, C., et al. (2025). Particle-laden flows. International Journal of Multiphase Flow, 191, 105291.

Capecelatro, J., & Wagner, J. L. (2024). Gas—particle dynamics

in high-speed flows. Annual Review of Fluid Mechanics, 56(1), 379–403.

Marchioli, C. (2017). Acta Mechanica, 228(3), 741–771.

Parmentier, J. F., et al. (2012). A functional subgrid drift velocity model for filtered drag prediction in dense fluidized beds. AIChE Journal, 58, 1084–1098.

Ozel, A., et al. (2013). Development of filtered Euler–Euler two-phase model for circulating fluidized bed: High-resolution simulation, formulation, and a priori analyses. International Journal of Multiphase Flow, 55, 43–63.

Hardy, et al. (2024). Theoretical derivation and a priori validation of a new scalar variance-based sub-grid drag force model for simulation of gas—solid fluidized beds. Powder Technology, 436, 119454.

INVITED LECTURERS

Jesse Capecelatro - University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI, USA

5 lectures on: Statistical and stochastic methods in multiphase flows, compressible multiphase flows, filtering of Euler-Lagrangian simulations, numerical implementation of Euler-Lagrange methods.

Ali Ozel - Heriot-Watt University, Edinburgh, UK 5 lectures on: Introduction artificial intelligence (AI) methods; AI for large-scale gas-solid flow simulations; training process of neural networks; predictive capabilities of AI; how AI can be leveraged to enhance coarse-grained gas-solid flow simulations.

Stefan Radl - Institute of Process and Particle Engineering, Graz. Austria

5 lectures on: Coarse-grained models for Euler-Lagrangian methods including, drag force, stress, heat and mass transfer, wall effects, as well as radiation; applications of coarse-grained models to granular flows and high temperature applications.

Olivier Simonin - Institut de Mécanique des Fluides de Toulouse, France

5 lectures on: History of filtered models and their connection to turbulence modeling; innovative approaches for closing the filtered drag force, e.g., solid-phase variance-based methods; limitations of high-performance computing; use of particle-resolved simulation data.

Simon Schneiderbauer - Johannes Kepler University, Linz, Austria

5 lectures on: Derivation of filtered models; overview of various closure models; these include functional, structural (deconvolution), and empirical models; filtered heat and mass transfer models for Euler-Euler methods; practical training.

Sankaran Sundaresan - Princeton University, NY, USA 5 lectures on: Models for multiphase flows, especially fluid-particle flow; physics of Euler-Lagrangian, Euler-Euler approaches and hybrid methods such as continuous particle models (CPM) or Multi-Phase Particle-In-Cell methods (MP-PIC).

LECTURES

All lectures will be given in English.
Lecture notes can be downloaded from the CISM web site.
Instructions will be sent to accepted participants.